Regional strategy for biodiversity and management of water resources

Rhône Alpes



Climate Energy Environment Health Directorate

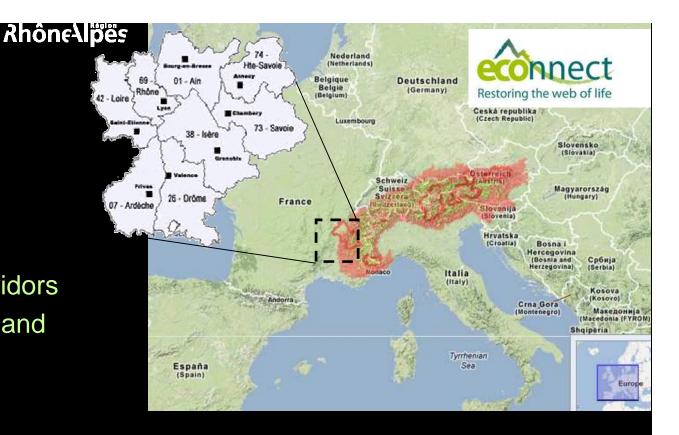
Rhône-Alpes

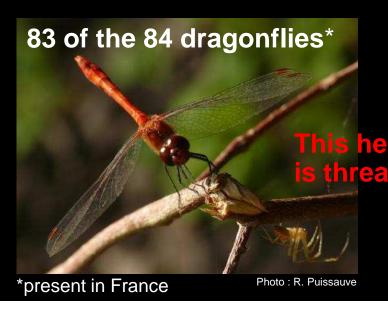
Key figures

6 million people

160 ecological corridors

40 nature reserves and national parks (152 000 hectares)







The fragmentation of natural areas due to human activities is indeed one of the first causes of biodiversity loss in industrialized countries.



Regulatory requirement:

- SRCE : schems of regional ecological coherence
- Regional Nature Reserves to protect sites of regional issues

Voluntary:

Deliberation regional biodiversity with several tools:

- Green corridors Contracts and biodiversity Contracts
- Improve knowledge on biodiversity
- River contracts to restore functionality









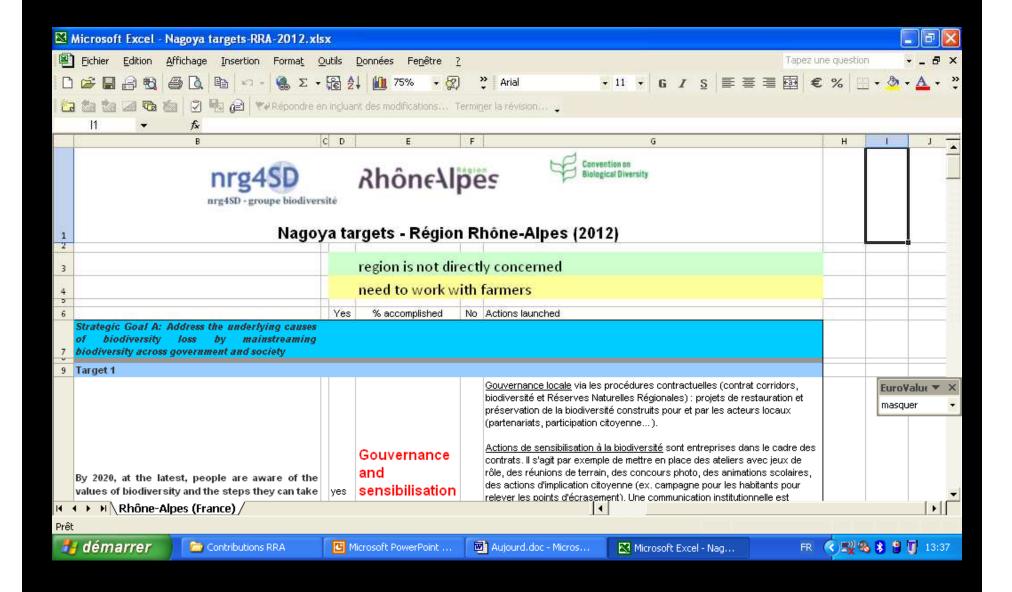
Establish a regional strategy for biodiversity built around the 20 objectives of Aichi.

Objectives

- Stop subsidies harmful to biodiversity
- Improve cross between the directions
- Integrating biodiversity into all regional policies
- Assess the progress of objectives

Method

- Build a shared diagnosis
- Add criteria for biodiversity obtaining grants related to regional transport, education, agriculture, economy



Aichi target

Aichi allow building a sharing culture around biodiversity.

It is only with the implication of all the services of the region that we will be able to preserve biodiversity now and in the future.

Today we have an important issue of appropriation and coherence.



Green corridor contracts



*R*hôn*e*Alpes

2006 :

Regional Policy

ahead of

From 2011:

National Policy (Grenelle, SNB)

Which governance to manage urban development?

Green corridor contracts objectives are:

- Contributing to the preservation of biodiversity
- Taking into account the services rendered by ecosystems
- Improving the quality of life of local habitants



This innovate sustainable policy is based on local governance and coordination of decision-making.

*R*hôn*e*Alpes

Method

1 Inclusion in regulatory documents



The urban dimension of the project relies on inventing sustainable way of land use based on a responsible and resource-saving land management.

2 Restoration Works

Building passages fishes





Building of wildlife passages under roads





Maintaining extensive agriculture with agrienvironmental

3 Scientific monitoring / indicators



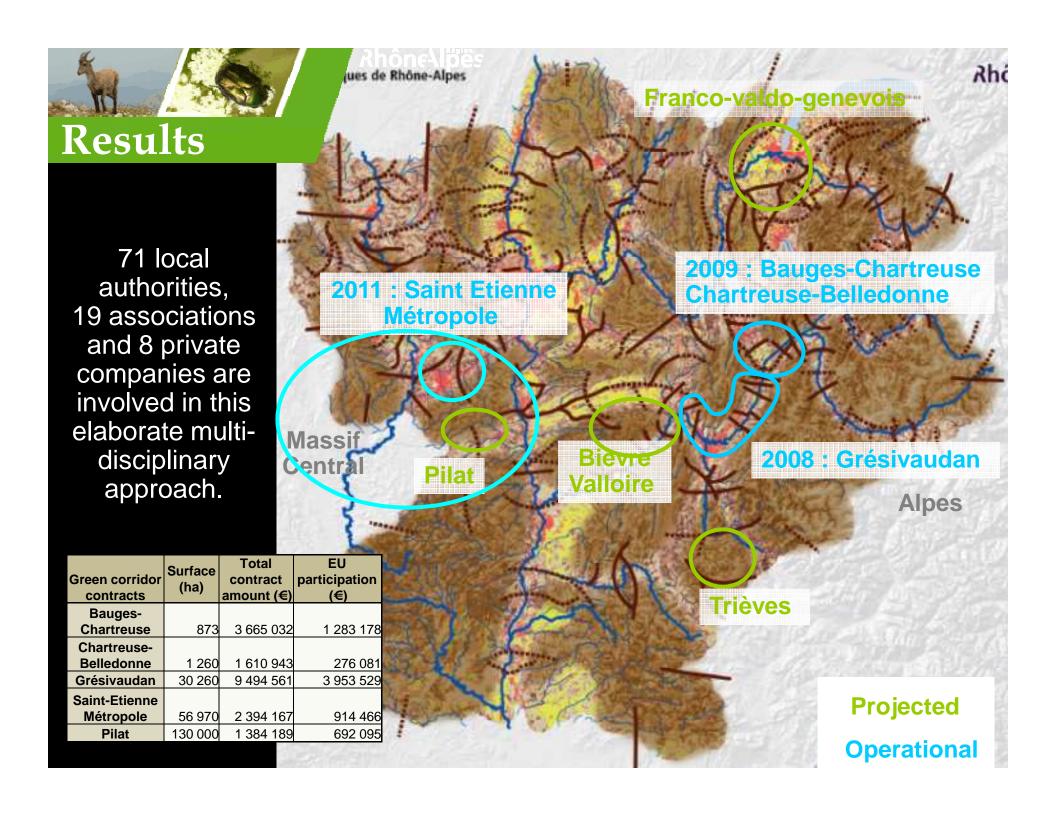


- · Ensuing the free movement of wildlife
- · Locating of points of conflicts

4 Public relations and involvement











Which governance to manage urban development?

To conclude, Green corridor contracts:

- propose an original way to mobilize and coordinate the tools and skills present in the region;
- are drawn up through a permanent dialogue between state authorities, associations and local stakeholders;
- contribute to stressing the role of local governance in fostering dialogue and cooperation.



Thanks to this approach, all stakeholders are at the same time actors and beneficiaries of the project.